

Putting **People First** Transforming Adult Social Care

Our contribution to the outcomes debate

Efficiency delivery - supporting sustainable transformatio

State funding of social care is under pressure because of the increasing numbers of individuals in need and requiring care. Within the context of self-directed support, it becomes critical to be able to demonstrate value for money.

Types of outcome

Outcomes mean different things depending on the perspective taken. Examples of different forms of outcome include:

- user satisfaction with service;
- improving provider performance;
- achievement of strategic goals; and
- demonstration of a successful intervention.

This note focuses on the latter; specifically the quantitative measurement of the effectiveness of the support plans put in place to maintain or improve an individual's independence.

The nature of the challenge

As more and more individuals take on the responsibility for buying their own support, the ability of councils and individuals to measure value for money based on the unit costs of services becomes difficult. Measuring outcomes is the potential solution, however:

 user surveys are recognised as being unreliable - particularly for older people.
 Whilst a thorny topic, there are some outcomes which may not initially be choice of the service user. Support plans do not lend themselves to quantitative analysis and are difficult to use on an aggregate basis;



- Whilst there are many quantitative assessment-like tools, we have not come across any which can be used on an outcomes basis across all services and all client groups
 considered desirable for aggregated reporting and analysis purposes; and finall
- Other than via an extended (and expensive) formal review process, we do not see how changes to a plan, and associated investment, will be triggered - especially within a reablement context.

Our input to the outcomes debate

The outcomes framework described overleaf attempts to address these issues. It tries to capture, in quantitative terms, the likely outcomes from an individual support plan. Whilst it has borrowed heavily from the functional assessment model used in needs determination and reablement, it tries to balance this with quality of life, choice and cost dimensions.

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The fit with assessment and support pla

The framework is designed to capture, in short objective statements, the outcomes typically associated with a support plan.

Inevitably there are similarities with forms of assessment (particularly those emerging out of self assessment), however, the outcomes are expressed in terms of action rather than ability (e.g. they wash themselves versus they are able to wash themselves).

Each outcome has a score of between 0 and 5 which will generally indicate greater independence the higher the score (see below).

It is assumed that the support plan will hold much greater detail on the specifics of the ou come and how it will be achieved.

The Three Themes of the Framework

There are currently three themes to the CSED outcomes framework:

- Independence;
- Characteristics; and
- Environment

Independence

This part of the framework borrows from the functional model used within reablement schemes. However, it expands the topics usually found in these models, the total list being:

- Maintains personal dignity;
- Carries out most practical tasks;
- Gets about;
- Has control over daily life;
- Successfully communicates;
- Manages money and personal affairs; and
- Cares and/or looks after others

Each of these outcomes typically has in the order of ten specific statements which indicate the extent to which the individual is achieving independence against the outcome.

Each statement in turn has a score to indicate their level of independence ranging from 0 (being 'significantly dependent') to 4 (being 'ind - pendent').

Characteristics

This theme is designed to capture the observable symptoms (characteristics) of the individual which may indicate a breakdown in quality of life and/or socially acceptable behaviour:

- Has a good lifestyle (eating, sleeping, exercise);
- Demonstrates emotional and mental wellbeing;
- Demonstrates confidence and morale
- Demonstrates appropriate or adaptive behaviour; and
- Socially active and/or has good relationships.

In this case he scoring relates to how often they demonstrate the characteristic ranging from 0 (rarely demonstrates) to 4 (typically demonstrates in any setting).

Environment

The final dimension looks to the support env ronment. It unashamedly leans toward dimensions which look to reduce the cost of support. This is on the basis that the individual may well be using their own funds to supplement any state support (if they receive any at all):

The topics covered include:

- · Keeps employed, active and alert;
- Has appropriate support;
- Has appropriate living arrangements; and
- Is safe and secure

Filled in by the user or by someone else

Unlike many outcome frameworks which are dependent on the service user's perception and feelings, this framework has deliberately been designed to be able to be filled in by anyone

It is based entirely on objective observable actions, characteristics and environment.

Use to trigger further intervention

Because the framework captures a relative score (versus a simple yes/no), it can be used, on an exception basis, to identify changes to an individuals situation which may warrant a further investigation and/or intervention.

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Use as part of an incentive scheme

The framework was originally designed in order to provide a scoring system suitable for use within a commercial incentive scheme (since the results are readily able to be aggregated and analysed in conjunction with the costs of service).

Presentation

As illustrated below, the framework lends itself to the popular radar diagram presentation format.

This illustrates another feature of the approach - it can be used to set a target as well as present the current situation.

This latter point is important since the tool is designed to capture relative changes to the status of an outcome as opposed to the absolute position (a weakness of models which rely on a Yes/No response).

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Next Steps

We have referred to this as our contribution to the outcomes debate. This is because there are many initiatives looking at outcomes and this is but one.

We will continue to evolve this model as we receive feedback from interested parties (the reason for publishing it).

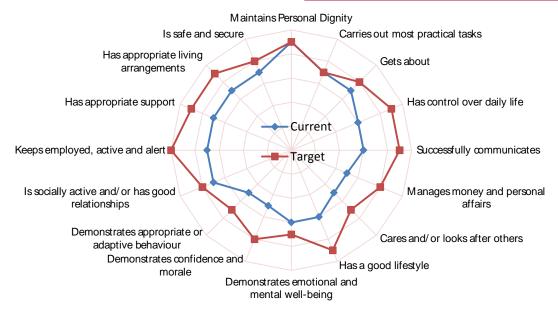
This model, and any associated feedback, will feed into regional and national events being organised to discuss outcomes and we are therefore keen to receive such feedback.

Thank you, in advance, for any contribution.

Developed with providers

The following providers very kindly supported the development of this framework (some of whom are now piloting it):

- The Avenues Trust
- Consensus (Caring Home Group)
- Surrey and Borders Partnership NHS Foundation Trust
- Heritage Care
- Care Management Group
- Southside Partnership Group



For more information, visit CSED at www.csed.csip.org.uk

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Client Ref:

Date:

The Balanced Outcomes Framework

Independence

The extent to which you are (or the individual is) able to carry out the particular activity independently

- 0 Significantly dependent on others (can do less than 10% for themselves)
- 1 Somewhat dependent on others (can do some things themselves but requires full time support)
- Partially dependent on others (can do more than 80% of the task themselves, possibly with prompting / instruction / supervision)
- 3 Independent with difficulty (can do the task or function, but with the assistance of equipment / technology / occasional help)
- 4 Independent (can do the task and requires no assistance)

Maintains Personal Dignity

Used to indicate how much you/they carry out (versus are able to do) the functions which maintain your/their own personal dignity.

functions which maintain your/their own personal dignity.	0	1		,	You/they choose which individuals provide support					
You/they wash your/their whole body		1 :	2 3	5 4	Successfully Communicates					
You/they wash your/their face and hands			_		The extent to which you (or the individual) has changed your/th		- hili	1 . , 1	10	
You/they urinate cleanly			-		listen/understand others and convey your/their thoughts (needs					
You/they empty your/their bowels cleanly			-			s, ue			eic) 23	
You/thay dress and undress themselves			_		- Vou/thou make your/their personal peeds known	Г	0		2 3	4
You/they maintain their own oral health			_		You/they make your/their personal needs known	-	—	┿	_	_
You/they feed yourself/themselves (eat vs prepare)			_		You/they make your/their likes and dislikes known	-	—	┿	_	_
You/they drink for yourself/themselves			_		You/they hold appropriate social conversations	-	_	╞	_	_
You/they keep your/their own feet/toe nails in order			-		You/they construct your/their own short sentances	-	_	_	_	_
You/they groom yourself/themselves					You/they communicate by objects of reference	-	_	_	_	_
You/they keep your/their finger nails in order			_		You/they communicate by photographs	-	_	_	_	_
rou/mey keep you/men inger hais in order					You/they communicate by symbols , line drawings	-	_	+	_	_
Carries out Most Practical Tasks					You/they communicate by body language	-	_	+		_
Indicates the extent to which your (the individualls) ability to per	form r	outir	סר		You/they understand the meaning of key words	-	_	_		_
practical tasks has changed		outil	IC.		You/they understand the sentances	-		_		_
	٥	1 :	, ,	R 4	You/they understand via sign language	-	_	_	_	_
You/they prepare your/their own cold drinks				, ,	You/they communicate via writing	-	_	+	_	_
You/they prepare your/their own cold dimins			_		You/they communicate via telephone	-	_	+	_	_
					You/they communicate computer or equivalent	L		⊥		
You/they prepare your/their own hot drinks			_		Manages Money and Personal Affairs					
You/they prepare your/their own hot meals			-		- · ·		~			
You/they undertake your/their own routine shopping			_		Demonstrates how your(an individuals) ability to manage their of	own	tina	anc	al	
You/they carry out your/their own routine household cleaning					affairs has changed over the period		•			
You/they carry out your/their own essential household			1	1		N/A	0 1		23	4
cleaning		·	-		You/they understand monetary values	\vdash		┿	_	+
You/they undertake your/their own laundry					You/they manage your/their own small amounts of cash	\vdash	_	_	_	-
You/they maintain the inside of your/their accomodation					You/they manage your/their own valuable documents (passports, etc)	Ш	┶	⊥		
You/they maintain your/their garden and/or grounds					You/they manage your/their own bank account	ΓT	T	Т	T	T
	·				You/they manage your/their own utilities bills, rent, etc		-	-	-	+
Gets About					You/they manage your/their own investments, shares,		-	-	-	+
To indicate the extent to which your (their) ability to get about is					inheritances	L	-	+	_	┢
	0	1 :	2 3	3 4	_ You/they manage your/their own support		Τ	Т		Т
You/they gets about the house (excluding stairs)					You/they set up new financial/personal affair related			T		T
You/they go up and down stairs					accounts (when required)					
You/they routinely get up from a sitting position					You/they manage large amounts of cash					
You/they routinely get up from a lying position					yourself/themselves (when required)	— —	_	-		_
You/they routinely walk short distances outside					You/they remain financially solvent (and largely out of	Ш	⊥			
You/they routinely walk longer distances outside (1/2					severe debt)					
mile or more)					Cares and/or Looks after Others					
You/they travel to/from local facilities via public transport			_		To indicate the extent to which you (or the individual) has been	abl	e to	im	pro	ve
You/they travel to/from local facilities via your/their own					your/their ability to look after dependents / relatives					
transport						N/A	0 1	1 2	23	4
You/they travel long distances on your/their own					You/they look after their partner					
					You/they look after one or more children					
					You/they look after one or more parents	ΙT				

Has Control over Daily Life

You/they choose what to eat

You/they choose what to wear

You/they choose who to live with

You/they choose how to spend money

You/they choose where to live

making decisions concerning aspects of normal life

You/they choose how to spend time where you/they live

You/they choose when/how to meet with family/friends

You/they choose how to spend time out and about

You/they choose when you/they receive support

You/they choose when to rest and sleep

Indicates the extent to which you (the individual) is independent of others in

Previously

Current



You/they look after one or more relatives

The Balanced Outcomes Framewo	ork					
Characteristic		Demonstrates Confidence and Morale				
The extent to which you are (the individual is) observed to exhibit characteristics which indicate wellbeing		To provide an indicator of whether confidence and morale are improving or				
0 Rarely demonstrates (less than 10% of the time)		getting worse. Also covers characteristics associated with safety	0 1 2 3 4			
1 Sometimes demonstrates (familiar setting)		You/they show no forms of hesitation when				
2 Sometimes demonstrates (any setting)		communicating about everyday things				
3 Typically demonstrates (familiar setting)		You/they speak up when appropriate				
4 Typically demonstrates (any setting)		You/they regularly smiles when communicating				
Has a Good Lifestyle (Eating, Sleeping, Exercise	:)	You/they make routine use of eye contact when communicating				
To identify any improvements or changes in lifestyle which might i improvement or degradation in health	indicate an	You/they are generally alert and show an interest when communicated with				
	01234	You/they are proactive in engaging with others				
You/they eat a well balanced healthy diet on a regular		You/they are willing to try new things You/they show no signs of panic or concern when left				
basis		alone				
You/they take appropriate quantities of water and other drinks		You/they exhibit no suicidal (or other similar) tendencies				
You/they sleep a good nights sleep and shows no signs of sleep related tiredness		Demonstrates Appropriate or Adaptive Behav	iour			
You/they take no medication to help you/them get to sleep		To indicate a change in behaviour which might be symptomatic or breakdown or improvement in mental and/or learning capacity	of a			
You/they take some form of exercise on most days			0 1 2 3 4			
You/they get outside into the fresh air on a regular		You/they demonstrate socially acceptable behaviour				
basis (weekly)		You/they treat property with respect				
If you/they smoke, they are reducing the amount they smoke		You/they are not harmful to yourself/themselves				
You/they are not increasing the amount of medication		You/they behave in a verbally appropriate and non- offensive way to others				
you/they take		You/they behave in a physically appropriate way to				
Your/their body weight is improving or being maintained (no untoward loss/increase)		others				
You/they are not increasing the amount of alcohol		You/they are not harmful to others You/they avoid getting into trouble with the law and				
you/they drink		other similar institutions (police, education, etc)				
If you/they are on non-prescription drugs, you/they are reducing the amount you/they take		In Contailly, Antice and Anylong and Deletionality				
reducing the amount youthey take		Is Socially Active and/or has good Relationship	-			
Demonstrates Emotional and Mental Well-Bein	ng	Used to indicate if there has been a change to the nature of your individuals) social environment	(the			
To provide an indication of any change in your/their emotional and	d/or mental		0 2 4			
well-being		You/they egularly meet up with members of your/their				
	0 1 2 3 4	family				
You/they regularly recalls recent past events You/they regularly recalls events which happened		You/they engage with others in a social context				
some time ago		You/they demonstrate closeness to those with whom you/they have relationships				
You/they are content and are not showing any symptoms of depression		You/they have a regular circle of friends				
You/they Require no anti-depressant to maintain your/their wellbeing		You/they enjoy a normal healthy sex life (when appropriate)				
You/they are able to orient yourself/themselves						
You/they report concerns and seek help when appropriate						
You/they keep yourself/themselves and your/their clothing to appropriate standards of cleanliness						
You/they keep your/their surroundings to appropriate standards of hygiene and tidiness						
You/they show no signs of obsessive and/or compulsive behaviour						
You/they are able to concentrate						
You/they recognize friends and relatives						

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Current

The Balanced Outcomes Framework

Environment

The extent to which you are (or the individual is) increasing your/their independence from more expensive forms of support

- 0 Never applies
- 1 Rarely applies
- 2 Sometimes applies, but inconsistently
- 3 Regularly applies
- 4 Nearly always applies

Keeps Employed, Active and Alert

Indicates the extent to which your (the individuals) level of activity has changed over the period.

You/they spend time involved in social activities You/they spend time on hobbies You/they spend time on other leisure activities You/they are engaged in learning activities You/they are engaged in other forms of training/development You/they are in paid employment You/they undertake community / voluntary work

You/they are active in other forms of daytime and/or evening activity with others

Has Appropriate Support

The objective of this set of outcomes is to encourage the appropriate use of friends, relatives and the community and release funds (your/their own or the states) for use for other things (or others in need in the case of state funds)

re ential respire

Has Appropriate Living Arrangements

This again is an outcome designed to encourage the move away from the more expensive forms of institutional care to those which encourage independence and reduce the cost of support (for either you/them as an individual or the state)

0 1 2 3 4

You/they live in your/their own standard accomodation (with no major adaptations or onsite support) You/they live in your/their own accomodation, but within reach of support when needed

You/they are making use of aids to daily living You/they are making use of applicable remote support technologies

You/they live in their own specially adapted accomodation

You/they are making use of short term care home accommodation

You/they are making use of short stay emergency accommodation

Youthey are making use of assessment and intermediate / rehabilition residential facilities

You/they do not live in long stay residential facilities (without nursing support)

You/they do not live in long stay care home facilities (with nursing support)

Is Safe and Secure

Used to indicate if the environment is in place to ensure safety and security. The scoring relates to the number of times that the event was not handled appropriately (e.g. mitigated emergencies / total emergencies)

	01234		0 1 2 3 4
ou/they are able to meet all of your/their needs ithout having to have support from others		You/they have the means to quickly get support in the event of an emergency	
ou/they are supported by direct relatives		You/they have the mechanisms to prevent others	
ou/they are supported by other friends and neighbours		accessing your/their accomodation when required	
ou/they are supported by volunteers from the local ommunity		You/they have appropriate things in place to minimise the risk of minor injuries (falls, burns, etc)	
ou/they are making use of publically available dvisory agencies (benefits, employment, etc)		You/they have the means in place to deal with households accidents (fire, flooding, etc.) which could	
ou/they are not making use of support from paid non- egistered support organisations		lead to major injury You/they have appropriate access to medication (and	
ou/they are not making use of support from paid		knowledge / means to ensure correct dosage)	
egistered support organisations		You/they live in an environment largely free from	
ou/they are not being supported by community nurses		vandalism and other forms of criminal activity	
ou/they are not being supported by other health and lied professions		You/they have not yourself/themselves recently been a victim of criminal activity	
our/their normal informal carer has periods of non- esidential respite		You/they have the means to maintain mobility without harm to yourself/themselves or others	
our/their normal informal carer has periods of			

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0 1 2 3 4